Topics 1-12 Cumulative/Benchmark Assessment Analysis 3rd Grade

CONTENT STANDARDS	ITEM NUMBER
3.OA.A.2- Interpret whole-number quotients of whole numbers, e.g., interpret 56 ÷ 8 as the	1
number of objects in each share when 56 objects are partitioned equally into 8 shares, or as a	
number of shares when 56 objects are partitioned into equal shares of 8 objects each.	
3.OA.A.3- Use multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems in situations	20
involving equal groups, arrays, and measurement quantities, e.g., by using drawings and	
equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem. ¹	
3.OA.C.7- Fluently multiply and divide within 100, using strategies such as the relationship	9
between multiplication and division or properties of operations. By the end of Grade 3, know	
from memory all products of two one-digit numbers.	
3.OA.D.8- Solve two-step word problems using the four operations. Represent these problems	4 12 15 25
using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the reasonableness of	
answers using mental computation and estimation strategies including rounding. ³	
3.NBT.A.1- Use place value understanding to round whole numbers to the nearest 10 or 100.	5
3.NBT.A.2- Fluently add and subtract within 1000 using strategies and algorithms based on	2 11 17 23 28
place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and	29
subtraction.	
3.NBT.A.3- Multiply one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 using	19 21 26 30A
strategies based on place value and properties of operations.	30B
3.NF.A.1- Understand a fraction $1/b$ as the quantity formed by 1 part when a whole is	27
partitioned into b equal parts; understand a fraction a/b as the quantity formed by a parts of	
size 1/b.	
3.NF.A.2b-Represent a fraction a/b on a number line diagram by marking off a lengths	13 16
1/b from 0. Recognize that the resulting interval has size a/b and that its endpoint locates the	
number a/b on the number line.	
3.MD.B.3- Draw a scaled picture graph and a scaled bar graph to represent a data set with	3 8 10
several categories. Solve one- and two-step "how many more" and "how many less" problems	
using information presented in scaled bar graphs.	
3.MD.B.4- Generate measurement data by measuring lengths using rulers marked with halves	22 24
and fourths of an inch. Show the data by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is	
marked off in appropriate units— whole numbers, halves, or quarters.	
3.MD.C.7b- Multiply side lengths to find areas of rectangles with whole-number side lengths in	6
the context of solving real world and mathematical problems, and represent whole-number	
products as rectangular areas in mathematical reasoning.	
3.MD.C.7c- Use tiling to show in a concrete case that the area of a rectangle with whole-	7
number side lengths a and $b + c$ is the sum of $a \times b$ and $a \times c$. Use area models to represent the	
distributive property in mathematical reasoning.	
3.G.A.2- Partition shapes into parts with equal areas. Express the area of each part as a unit	14 18
fraction of the whole.	

STANDARDS FOR MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES	ITEM NUMBER
MP.2- Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	2
MP.4- Model with mathematics.	21

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 1}$ See Glossary, Table 2.

² Students need not use formal terms for these properties.

³ This standard is limited to problems posed with whole numbers and having whole-number answers; students should know how to perform operations in conventional order when there are no parentheses to specify a particular order (Order of Operations).

Class at a Glance with MDIS Correlations

		529													
	B59	3.NBT.A.2, MP.2 C29	D55	E51	A45	D21	69 0	D46	B57	D47	C32	E7	A55	A52	E
	2	A.2, N	3.3	8.	A.1	C.7b	C.7c	3.3	.7	3.3	A.2	8.	.2b	0.1	8.
	3.0A.A.2	NBT.	3.MD.B.3	3.0A.D.8	3.NBT.A.1	3. MD.C.7b	3. MD.C.7c	3.MD.B.3	3.0A.C.7	10. 3.MD.B.3	3.NBT.A.2	3.0A.D.8	3.NF.A.2b	3.G.A.2	15. 3.0A.D.8
STUDENT NAME	1. 3.	2. 3.	3. 3.	4. 3.	5. 3.	6. 3.	7. 3.	8. 3.	9. 3.	10. 3.	11. 3.	12. 3.	13. 3.	14. 3.	15. 3.
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	A55	E41	A48	B71	B71	21. 3.NBT.A.3,MP.4 C47	D54	C34	D54	E51	B71	A54	C33	C35	B71	E10
	3.NF.A.2b	3.NBT.A.2	A.2	3.NBT.A.3	A.A.3	BT.A.3,N	D.B.4	3.NBT.A.2	3.MD.B.4	A.D.8	BT.A.3	F.A.1	BT.A.2	BT.A.2	3.NBT.A.3	30B. 3.NBT.A.3
STUDENT NAME	16. 3.NI	17. 3.NI	18. 3.G.A.2	19. 3.NI	20. 3.0A.A.3	21. 3.NI	22. 3.MD.B.4	23. 3.NI	24. 3.M	25. 3.0A.D.8	26. 3.NBT.A.3	27. 3.NF.A.1	28. 3.NBT.A.2	29. 3.NBT.A.2	30A. 3.ľ	30B. 3.N
* Correlation with test i	<u> </u>		L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>					<u> </u>				<u> </u>

^{*} Correlation with test item number to standard and MDIS lessons from page 668C in the Teacher's Edition.